

DUBINSKAYA, I.D.

Development and morbidity in children with a history of pneumonia during the first 6 months of life. Pediatrilia no.9:37-42 '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki (nav. - prof. V.A. Vlasov) detskikh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Pirogova (dir. - dotsent M.G. Sirotkina) na baze detskoy bol'nitsy imeni prof. N.F. Filatova (glavnyy vrach L.A. Vorokhobov).
(PNEUMONIA) (CHILDREN---GROWTH)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKAYA, I. M.

"Dislocation of a Foreign Body from the Upper Jaw Mucous Membrane in the Cavity of the Nose", Journal of Oto-Rino-Laryngology, Issue 3, p 76.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

LADUR, T.A.; DUBINSKAYA, I.P.

Use of bentonite for the purification of glucose sirups. Sakh.
prom. 37 no.3:58-62 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut krakhmalopatochnoy
promyshlennosti.
(Glucose) (Bentonite)

BOGDANOV, I.L. [Bohdanov, I.L.]; BALABAN, Ya.M.; DUBINSKAYA, K.O.
[Dubyns'ka, K.O.]; ALEKSEYEVA, N.V. [Aleksieieva, N.V.].

Use of corticosteroids in the acute stage of poliomyelitis and
in other nerve infections. Ped., akush. i gin. 24 no.1:9-11'62.
(MIRA 16:8)

1. Institut infektsionnykh bolezney AMN SSSR, Kiiev.
(CORTICOSTEROIDS) (POLIOMYELITIS)

VOL'KOV, N. N., AND DUBINSKAYA, L. A.

Ternary Mutual System Consisting of Lithium and Potassium Fluorides and
Bromides
Izv. Fiz.-Khim. N.-I. In-Ta Pri Irkutskom Un-Te, Vol 2, No 1, 1953, pp
45-47

Investigated the above system using a visual-polythermal method. The
surface of the liquidus curve consists of four crystallization areas.
The area corresponding to lithium fluoride has a stratification region.
RZhKhim, No 21, 1954

SO: Sum. No. 639, 2 Sep 55

DUBINSKAYA, L. A., and VOLKOV, N. N.

"Ternary Mutual System Consisting of Lithium and Potassium Sulfates and Chromates," Izv. Fiz. -Khim, N. -I In-ta pri Irkutskom Un-te, Vol 2, No 1, pp 48-50, 1953

The above system was investigated using a visual-polythermal method. The surface of the liquidus of the systems consists of three fields of crystallization for the solid solutions of lithium sulfate and chromate, potassium sulfate and chromate, and the isomorphic compounds $\text{Li}_2\text{CrO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4$ and $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4$. (RZhKhim, No 22, 1954)

Sum. No. 681, 7 Oct 55

DUBINSKAYA, L.M.

DUBINSKAYA, L.M.

Transposition of foreign body from the maxillary sinus into the nasal cavity. Vest. oto-rin. 16 no.3:76 My-Je '54. (MLRA 7:?)

1. Is polikliniki No.34 Leninskogo rayona, Moskva.
(FOREIGN BODIES,
*maxillary sinus, transposition from nasal cavity)
(NASAL CAVITY, foreign bodies,
*transposition from nasal cavity)

REF ID: A6111/EWI(m)/EIC/ENG(m)/I/EWP(t)/EWP(b)/EWA(c) IJP(c) RDW/JD
ACC NR: AP5027909 SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/65/002/007/0307/0320

AUTHOR: Dubinskaya, L. S.; Farbshteyn, I. I.

ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, Academy of Sciences SSSR, Leningrad (Institut poluprovodnikov Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: The role of anisotropy of scattering in tellurium

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. (Prilozheniye), v. 2, no. 7, 1965, 307-310

TOPIC TAGS: tellurium, galvanomagnetic effect, electric conductivity, carrier scattering

ABSTRACT: The authors show that the difference between the effective mass ratio of the holes in annealed tellurium single crystals at low temperatures obtained by J. H. Mendea and R. N. Dexter (Bull. Amer. Phys. Soc. v. 9, 632, 1964), $m_{11}/m_{33} = 0.525$, and the results of galvanometric measurements at 4.2K, which yield a conductivity ratio $\sigma_{33}/\sigma_{11} = 1.3 \pm 0.1$ or $m_{11}/m_{33} \approx 1.3$, lies in the fact that anisotropy of scattering is expected in tellurium. The anisotropy of the scattering of holes by ionized impurities in tellurium is connected both with the anisotropy of the carrier energy spectrum and with the dielectric constant anisotropy which leads to anisotropy of the scattering potential itself. The authors use the theory of galvanomagnetic effects for arbitrary scattering anisotropy, developed by I. Ya. Korenblit et al. (FTT v. 3, 2939 and 3285, 1961), to obtain, given a single-ellipsoid model of the equal-

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L 9814-66

ACC NR: AP5027989

12

energy surface and an anisotropic dielectric constant, approximate expressions for relaxation-time tensors τ_{33} and $\tau_{11} = \tau_{22}$. Calculation of $(\tau_{33})/(\tau_{11})$ for tellurium at 4.2K for a carrier density 10^{14} cm^{-3} yields $(\tau_{33})/(\tau_{11}) = 2.29$, leading to $\sigma_{33}/\sigma_{11} = 1.2$, which is in good agreement with the experimental value. Thus, an account of the scattering anisotropy, within the framework of this theory reconciles the data on cyclotron resonance with the galvanomagnetic measurements in the region of scattering by ionized impurities. The anisotropy of electric conductivity at 4.2K also depends on the concentration and on the temperature, and the question of the quantitative correspondence between the experimental and theoretical dependence of the scattering anisotropy on the concentration is now under investigation. Authors are grateful to I. Ya. Korenblit and L. L. Korenblit for a discussion of the theoretical questions and to S. S. Shalyt for continuous interest in the work. Orig. art. has: 3 formulas
48.55

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 26Jul65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 002

Card 272

ACC NR: AP5022730	SOURCE CODE: UR/0101/65/007/009/2821/2828		
AUTHOR: <u>Dubinskaya, L. S.</u>	47 B		
ORG: <u>Institute of Semiconductors AN SSSR, Leningrad</u> (Institut poluprovodnikov AN SSSR)			
TITLE: Negative longitudinal magnetoresistance during scattering by acoustic phonons			
SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 9, 1965, 2821-2828			
TOPIC TAGS: theoretic physics, <u>magnetoresistance</u> , <u>acoustic scattering</u> , <u>phonon scattering</u>			
<p>ABSTRACT: The author analyzes the expression derived by Gurevich and Firsov (V. A. Gurevich, Yu. A. Firsov, ZhETP, 4, 734, 1964) for longitudinal magnetoresistance during scattering of electrons by acoustic phonons as a function of the magnetic field and temperature. It is shown that a region of magnetic fields and temperatures exists where $\frac{\Delta\rho}{\rho}$ is negative. The behavior of $\frac{\Delta\rho}{\rho}$ is determined for small values of the quantum parameter $a = \frac{k\Omega}{2kT}$. The result differs from that found by Argyres (P. N. Argyres, J. Phys. Chem. Sol., 4, 19, 1958). Orig. art. has: 24 formulas, 3 figures.</p>			
SUB CODE: 20/	SUSM DATE: 15Feb65/	ORIG REF: 002/	OTH REF: 001
BVK Card 1/1			

L 41586-66 EWT(1)/ENI(m)/ENP(t)/ETI IJP(c) RDN/JD/K1
ACC NR: AP6018554 SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/66/008/006/1884/1883

AUTHOR: Dubinskaya, L. S.; Farbshteyn, I. I.

ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, AN SSSR, Leningrad (Institut poluprovodnikov AN SSSR)

TITLE: Anisotropy of scattering by ionizing impurities in tellurium 27

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 6, 1966

TOPIC TAGS: tellurium, impurity scattering, relaxation process, carrier density, semiconductor conductivity, cyclotron resonance

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of earlier work by the authors (ZhETF, Pis'ma v redaktsiyu, v. 2, 307, 1965) where the authors calculated the anisotropy of the relaxation time in tellurium for carrier scattering by ionized impurities at a single density $n = 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$. In the present study the authors analyze the anisotropy of the relaxation time for several concentrations at 4.2K, and compare the theoretical dependence of the anisotropy of the electric conductivity on the density with the experiments by one of the authors (Farbshteyn, with R. V. Parfen'yev et al., FTT v. 4, 3596, 1962). Plots of the anisotropy of the electric conductivity against the concentration at 4.2K are prepared on the basis of the calculations and compared with experiment. It is shown that allowance for the anisotropy of the scattering makes it possible to reconcile the observed anisotropy of the electric conductivity with the anisotropy of the effective mass, which is known from experiments on cyclotron resonance. The agreement obtained between the calculated concentration dependence of the

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L 41566-66

ACC NR: AP6018554

anisotropy of the electric conductivity and the experimental one is qualitatively good. The authors thank I. Ya. Korenblit for great help during the performance of the work and also L. L. Korenblit and S. S. Shalyt for interest in the work and a discussion of the results. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 5 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 27Nov65/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2

DUBINSKAYA, M.M.

25831

Oscostoyanii pokoya u semyan belladonny. Selektsiya i semenovodstvo, 1949, No. 8,
s. 74-75.

SO: Letopis' No. 34

DUBINSKAYA, N. (Riga); ULMANIS, U. (Riga)

Passage of gamma rays through the collimator. In Russian. *Vestis Latv ak no.4:99-104 '60.* (EAAI 10:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSR, Institut fiziki.
(Gamma rays) (Collimators)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKAYA,N.(Riga); ULMANIS,U.(Riga)

Spectral distribution of scattered gamma rays. In Russian.
Vestis Latv ak no.5:61-66 '60. (EEAI 10:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSR, Institut fiziki.
(Gamma rays)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKAYA, N.

For man! Sov. profsoiuzy 20 no.1:29-30 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Organizator profsoyuznoy gruppy kranovogo uchastka Khar'kovskogo turbinnogo zavoda imeni Kirova.

DUBINSKAYA N.A.

AUTHORS: Ulmanis, U.A., Dubinskaya, N.A. 39-7-17/32

TITLE: The Investigation of γ -Ray Backscattering (Issledovaniye obratnogo rasseyaniya γ -izlucheniya)

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya Energiya, 1957, Vol. 3, Nr 7, pp. 59-61 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The present paper investigates the backscattering of γ -radiation by various substances. For this purpose a scintillation γ -spectrometer with a NaJ(Tl)-crystal 30 mm in diameter and 15 mm in height was used. The radioactive isotopes Cr⁵¹, Cs¹³⁷ and Co⁶⁰ served as sources of γ -rays. The activity of the preparation amounted to ~ 1 micro-curie. In the investigation of this backscattering the point source of the γ -rays was in contact with a disperser. Plates of aluminum, iron, zinc, cadmium, lead, brass and paraffin were used as scatterer. A diagram illustrates the dependence of the relative intensities of the scattered γ -radiation on the thickness of the scatterer. When the thickness of the scatterer is more than 7 g/cm², the quantity q slightly increases with an increase of the thickness of the scatterer. Here q signifies the ratio (height of the peak which corresponds to the backscattering of the γ -radiation in the presence of a scatterer - height of the peak without disperser). Plates with a thickness of 7 g/cm² were used for the determination of the dependence of the

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The Investigation of γ -Ray Backscattering

29-7-17/32

relative intensity of the scattered γ -radiation on the nuclear charge number Z of the scatterer. The experimental results are illustrated by a diagram. The intensity of the scattered γ -radiation has its maximum value for iron scatterer. Another diagram illustrates the dependence of the intensity of the scattered γ -radiation of Cs¹³⁷ on the nuclear charge number Z of the scatterer. The corresponding curve has a maximum at Z = 26. With a change in the energy of the primary γ -radiation the position of the maximum only insignificantly changes. At small Z (up to 30) the intensity of the backward γ -radiation is smaller at small energies of the primary γ -radiation. From Z = 25 to Z = 35 a maximum of the scattered radiation is observed. At high nuclear charge numbers the intensity of the scattered γ -radiation decreases. There are 4 figures and 5 references, 1 of which is Slavic.

SUBMITTED: March 19, 1957

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

1. Gamma rays - Scattering
2. Isotopes (Radioactive) - Applications

8/798/61/000/000/004/012

AUTHORS: Dubinskaya, N.A., Ulmanis, U.A.

TITLE: On the intensity of backscattered γ -radiation.

SOURCE: Radioaktivnyye izlucheniya i metody ikh issledovaniya
Inst. fiz. AN LatvSSR. Riga, Izd-vo AN LatvSSR, 1971, 27-33

TEXT: This is a report on a scintillation-spectrometer investigation, using a CsI(Na) scintillator, of the effect of the test geometry on the intensity of the backscattered Cs¹³⁷ γ -radiation. The ratio of backscattered γ -radiation (BGR) is a function of many factors, including the energy of the primary radiation, the atomic number (Z), and the dimensions of the scatterers. Past tests (the first tests described in Akad. Nauk LatvSSR, Ser. Fiz., No. 1, 1967, G. J., McCall, R. C., Nucleonics, v. 12, n. 4, p. 33, and others) give scatterers data on the effect of Z on the BGR. The effect of the primary radiation energy on the BGR is described by the theory of G. J. McCall, R. C. McCall, and P. J. Plaxiglas, Jr., Ann. Phys., v. 1, p. 100, 1958. In all the scatterers was used a CsI(Na) scintillator with a diameter of 10 mm and a thickness up to 10 mm. The scintillator was placed at various angles to the film axis. The scatterer-Z dependence was determined at various distances by using scatterers with different thicknesses.

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On the intensity of backscattered γ -radiation.

S/798/61/000/000/004/012

(thickness beyond which the backscatter coefficient does not increase more than 5%). It was found to have a sharp peak at $Z = 25\text{-}30$ (at $d = 64 \times 10^{-3}$ m). The peak height at the peak was found to be independent of the same Z , provided that the peak was not saturated. At lower values of Z , the peak shifts to larger values of Z . The effect of scattering at small Z with large detector distances (SDD) is attributed largely to the change in the effective SDD. At small SDD's the saturation of the detector (especially for low-Z scatterers) is more pronounced. The saturation, in the case of low Z , enhances the backscatter coefficient. In the case of high Z the high photon density at the detector is due to the absorption of the scattered radiation by the detector itself. The effect of saturation is more pronounced for low-Z materials. For a given material, the effect of saturation is more pronounced at higher Z . In the test, the detector was saturated at $Z = 25$, in which the signal shows a slight decrease. In addition, the saturation of the detector is dependent on the instrument. With greater SDD's the saturation is less pronounced. This is not so for low-Z materials. The effect of saturation is appreciable for low-Z materials. This qualitative interpretation agrees well with Stephenson's results of the calculations of the intensity of backscattered radiation according to the thick-plate formula with consideration of the absorption of

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On the intensity of backscattered γ -radiation.

S/798.61/000/000/004/012

singly-scattered γ -quanta (Stephenson, R. Introduction to nuclear engineering. Transl. from English. Moscow. Gostekhizdat. 1958). The radiation has a different character. To correctly assess the singly-scattered radiation it is necessary to account of the magnitude of the scattered γ -radiation requires consideration of the multiple scatter as

This consideration broadens the peak of the radiation spectrum of the backscattered radiation versus Z and moves it toward the absorption edge of the target. This is the moment investigated in the present work. It is shown that the absorption edge of the target shifts in the direction of the absorption edge of the target. The shift is mainly affected by the geometry of the target and the energy of the primary radiation. The results of the calculations are given below.

The results are given.

Card 3/3

L 00711-66 ENP(n)/EM(1)/FGS(k)/... (4), 1-1(2)

ACCESSION NR: AT5013282

UR/3043/65/000/004/0062/0076

AUTHOR: Dubinskaya, N. V.; Gzhelyak, R. A.; Igonina, I. V.

TITLE: The calculation of Prandtl Meyer flow taking into account the nonequilibrium air dissociation

SOURCE: Moscow. Universitet. Vychislitel'nyy tsentr. Shornik rabot, no. 4, 1965.
Chislenyye metody v gazovoy dinamike (Numerical methods in gas dynamics), 62-76

TOPIC TAGS: air flow, Prandtl Meyer flow, flow analysis, supersonic flow, adiabatic flow, dissociated gas

ABSTRACT: The present paper applies the method of characteristics to the calculation of nonequilibrium supersonic flows of reacting gases. In contradistinction to the method of characteristics as applied to the flow of gases with constant adiabatic index, the problem is solved using differential relationships which are applicable along the flow line. As an example, the Vychislitel'nyy tsentr (Computer Center) of the MGU carried out detailed calculations of the Prandtl Meyer flow of dissociating air with temperatures up to 6000K. Results show that the presence of the nonequilibrium substantially affects the flow parameters. Orig. art.has: 18 formulas and 12 figures.

Card 1/2

L C0711-66

ACCESSION NR: AT6013282

ASSOCIATION: Vychislitel'nyy tsentr, Moskovskiy universitet (Computer Center, Moscow University)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: ME, MA

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 007

Card

2/2

DUBINSKAYA, O.D.

2789. Pravovye voprosy chlenstva v sel'skokhozyaystvennoy arteli SSSR. M., 1954.
114c 21cm. (Mosk. ordena Lenima Gos. un-T im M.V.Lomonosova Yurid. Fah.)
100 ekz. B.-TS - (54-54867)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis, Vol. 2, 1955

DUBINSKAYA, Ol'ga Danilovna, kand.yuridicheskikh nauk; KRYLATYKH, G.R.,
otvetstvennyy red.

[Rights and obligations of collective farm members; approved by
the administration of the Government and Law Section of the Moscow
Province Division of the Society] Prava i obiazannosti chlenov
kolkhoza. (Odobreno biuro sektsii gosudarstva i prava Moskovskogo
oblastnogo otdeleniya Oshchchestva). Moskva, Vses. ob-vo po ras-
prostraneniu polit. i nauchn. znanii, Moskv. obl. otd-nie, 1957.
47 p. (MIRA 11:6)

(Collective farms)
(Agricultural laws and legislation)

DUBINSKAYA, P.A.

96-58-2-12/23

AUTHORS: Mamet, A.P., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Knaymovich, A.I.
and Dubinskaya, P.A., Engineers.

TITLE: Regeneration of Activated Carbon Used to Remove Oil from
Condensate (Regeneratsiya uglya, primenayemogo dlya obezmaslivaniya
kondensata)

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika, 1958, No. 2, pp. 61 - 63 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This article describes the conditions of regeneration of oily charcoal by alkalis, alkali reagents and benzole. The alkaline solutions were used hot and the benzole cold. The volume of liquid used for each treatment equalled the volume of oily charcoal. The effectiveness of regeneration was estimated both by the remanent oil content in the charcoal as determined by extraction with ether, and also by the oil-absorbing capacity of the regenerated charcoal under practical conditions. The charcoal was grade GAY from one of the filters used to de-oil condensate in the Moscow Automobile Works (Moskovskiy avtozavod). Mean values of laboratory test results for the various conditions of treatment are given in Table 1. The addition of wetting agent to the alkaline solutions did not make them more effective. If the treatment with alkali solutions is continued too long, the oil, already emulsified by the alkali, becomes oxidised and the oxidation products are again adsorbed

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96-58-2-12/23

Regeneration of Activated Carbon Used to Remove Oil from Condensate

on the activated charcoal.

The most active reagent at concentrations of the order of 5-6% was trisodium phosphate. Sodium hydroxide, whether alone or mixed with phosphate, gave less successful results. Good results were obtained with benzole, but as the consumption was very high, this method would only be acceptable in coke or chemical works that produce pure benzole, where the contaminated benzole could be recovered.

With all the methods of treatment, the oil is easily removed, but for the last traces. Thus, the process is quicker and cheaper if perfection is not aimed at.

The oil-absorbing capacity of the regenerated charcoal under practical conditions was verified on the condensate de-oiling plant of the Automobile Works. Three experimental filters were made of steel pipe 50 mm diameter and 1 500 mm long. One was filled with fresh activated charcoal, another with charcoal reactivated by boiling three times for 7 hours in a 6% solution of Na_3PO_4 and the third with charcoal regenerated by benzole.

When the tests were over, the filters still continued to absorb oil and were not saturated. The test results are given in Table 2. Although the charcoals had absorbed oil equivalent to

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96-58-2-12/23

The Regeneration of Activated Carbon Used to Remove Oil from Condensate

15% of their own weight, they remained effective. The distribution of absorbed oil on the charcoal over the height of the filter is illustrated graphically and figures are given in Table 3. The fresh and regenerated charcoal had almost the same ability to absorb oil.

The effectiveness of multiple regeneration was not tried. However, even a single regeneration of charcoal can save a good deal of money. When regenerating with benzole, the cost of the lbs per ton of charcoal is about 500 - 600 roubles. Treatment with Na_3PO_4 costs about 250 roubles and a ton of new charcoal 3 000 roubles.

There are 1 figure, 3 tables and 2 Russian references.

ASSOCIATION: Tsentrenergochermet

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress
Card 3/3 1. Carbon-Regeneration

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKAYA, S.A.

From the pages of foreign journals. Trakt. i sel'khozmash.
no.1:46-47 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. TSentral'naya nauchno tekhnicheskaya biblioteka traktornogo
i sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

RABINOVICH, Ye.S, [Rabinovych, E.S.]; LANDA, I.M. [deceased]; DUBINSKAYA, TS.D.
[Dubyns'ka, TS.D.]

Possibility of using the butadiene-nitrile rubber "Krainak-803"
in the manufacture of artificial leather with a fibrous base.
Leh.prom. no.4:25-28 O-D '62. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Kiyevskiy regeneratno-rezinovyy zavod.
(Leather, Artificial) (Rubber, Synthetic)

YEFREMOV, Sergey Vasil'yevich; STRUGACH, Vladimir Abramovich;
DUBINSKAYA, Vera Aronovna; VINOGRADOV, V.L., red.; PLEMENNIKOV,
M.N., red.; MARAKOSOVA, L.P., tekhn. red.

[Intaglio printing] Glubokaia pechat'. Moskva, Izd-vo
"Sovetskaia Rossiia," 1961. 372 p. (MIRA 15:3)
(Plate printing)

DUBINSKAYA, Ya. A.

100 COPIES

USSR/Medicine - Typhoid Fever, Complications Aug 48
and Sequels

Medicine - Penicillin

"Penicillin for Typhoid Fever Cases With Pulmonary
and Purulent Complications," Ya. A. Dubinskaya, Chair
of Infectious Diseases, Gol'kovsk Med Inst, 1 p

"Sov Med" No 8

Sulfamide preparations are ineffective in most cases.
Found that intramuscular administration of penicillin
cured many of most severe cases. Suggests complex
treatment for severe cases including repeated blood
transfusions, administration of blood serum, of
glucose, of vitamins, particularly ascorbic acid, and
of penicillin and sulfazole.

24/49F79

ДУДЫЧКИН, У.Н.

SHMELEVA, V.S; DUBINSKAYA, Ye.A., dotsent, zaveduyushchiy kafedroy.

Synthomycin therapy of typhoid fever and paratyphoid B in children. Pediat-
riia no.3:50-53 Ky-Je '53. (MLBA 6:8)

1. Kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney Gor'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(for Shmeleva and Dubinskaya).
(Typhoid fever) (Paratyphoid fever) (Antibiotics)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

Субченко, И. А. (Cand. of Med. Sci.); КИМЕНКО, Г.И. (Prof.); РИЧЕНКО, Н.И.
(Cand. of Med. Sci.)

"Treatment of Adult Dysentery With Biomycin,"

p. 315 Ministry of Health USSR Proceedings of the Second All-Union Conference on
Antibiotics, 31 May - 9 June 1957. p. 405, Moscow, Medgiz, 1957.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKAYA, YE. A.; FEDULOVA, YE. G.; KHOMEKO, P. I.

"Problems of therapy of dysentery patients."

Report at the 13th All-Union Congress of Hygienists,
Epidemiologists and Infectionists. 1959

KHOMENKO, G.I., prof., red.; MAKSIMOVICH, N.A., prof., red.; CHAPURSKAYA, N.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, red.; LIKHTOROVICH, P.K., red.; DUBINSKAYA, Ye.A., red.; GITSETEYN, A.D., tekhnred.

[Dysentery; epidemiology, pathogenesis, clinical aspects, and therapy] Dizenteriya; epidemiologiya, patogenes, klinika i terapiya. Red.kol. G.I.Khomenko i dr. Kiev, Gos.med.izd-vo USSR, 1959. 270 p. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow. Institut infektsionnykh bolezney. 2. Institut infektsionnykh bolezney AMN SSSR (Kiev) (for Khomenko, Maksimovich, Likhtorovich, Dubinskaya),
(DYSENTERY)

SUDINSKI, L.

The problem of atmospheric transparency from the viewpoint of aerial photographic surveying. p. 50.

WOJSKOWY PREZEGLAD LOTNICZY. (Dowodztwo Wojsk Lotniczych) Warszawa, Poland.
Vol. 11, no. 9, Sept. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 4, no. 7, July 1959.

Incl.

DURINSKI, L.

Certain meteorologic aspects of flights in the upper strata of the atmosphere.
p. 16

Wojskowy Przeglad Lotniczy. (Dowodztwo Wojsk Lotniczych) Warszawa, Poland
Vol. 12, no. 4, Apr. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (FEAi) LC Vol. 8, no. 8, August, 1959

Uncl.

ACCESSION NR: AP4046292

S/0203/64/004/005/0945/0946

AUTHOR: Dubinski, Yu., Khaloupka, L.

TITLE: Study of the variability of the general ionizing component of cosmic rays

SOURCE: Geomagnetizm i aeronomiya, v. 4, no. 5, 1964, 945-946

TOPIC TAGS: cosmic ray, cosmic ray variation, cosmic ray intensity, terrestrial magnetic field, terrestrial magnetic field variation, cosmic ray ionizing component

ABSTRACT: This article gives the preliminary results of an analysis of measurements of the general ionizing component of cosmic rays, made at Novolazarevskaya station (Antarctica) during June-December 1962. Cosmic ray intensity was recorded by two wide-angle telescopes, each of which consisted of two rows of Geiger counters 22 cm apart. Each row had an effective area of 0.96 m^2 . In each minute the apparatus recorded approximately 9,000 pulses. A study was made of the variability of cosmic rays in relation to certain magnetic field variations recorded at this station, taking into account all magnetic storms recorded at Novolazarevskaya station during the observation period. The criterion of variability of intensity used was the ratio of the sum of the squares of the deviations of minute values from the mean value for a corresponding 10-minute interval to

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ACCESSION NR: AP4046292

the number of pulses recorded in this 10-minute interval. If the values of intensity recorded in minute intervals are denoted by N_1, N_2, \dots, N_{10} , the criterion of variability in a corresponding 10-minute interval is determined using the formula

$$f = 10 \sum_{k=1}^{10} \left(N_k - \frac{1}{10} \sum_{i=1}^{10} N_i \right)^2 / \sum_{i=1}^{10} N_i. \quad (1)$$

Prolonged slow changes in the intensity of cosmic radiation do not influence the f value if their amplitude does not reach a very large value. Fig. 1 of the Enclosure shows the dependence of f on local magnetic storms. The horizontal line in this figure denotes the mean f value for 6 months, and f values before and after the commencement of magnetic storms are plotted along the y -axis. One tick mark along the x -axis corresponds to 10 minutes. Figure 2 of the Enclosure gives the relation between f and the values of the K-indices at Novolazarevskaya station for the observation period. This figure shows the sums of the 10-minute values of f for one hour. The horizontal line is the computed mean value for the observation period. The f value corresponding to $K = 6$ is considerably higher than the mean value. Since it is known that the K-indices have a tendency to a 27-day recurrence, a Bartels diagram (Fig. 3 of the Enclosure) was constructed of the hourly mean values for those days when observations were made. The figure shows

Card 2/6

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ACCESSION NR: AP4046292

ENCLOSURE: 01

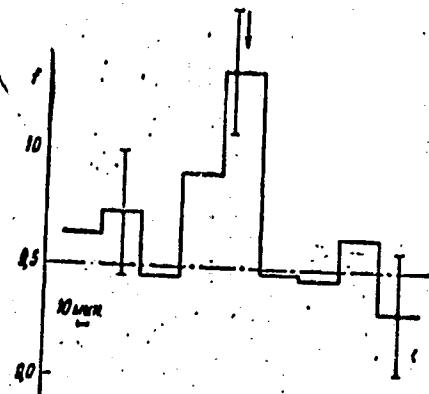


Fig. 1. Dependence of the f value on local magnetic storms.

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ENCLOSURE: 02

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

ACCESSION NR: AP4046292

that a tendency to a 27-day recurrence is apparent in the f values. Orig. art. has: 1 formula and 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Universitet imeni P. I. Shafrík, Košice, ChSSAN (P. I. Shafrík University, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences), Fizicheskiy Institut SAN, filial Kosice, Czechoslovakia (Physics Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice Branch)

SUBMITTED: 12May64

ENCL: 03

SUB CODE: E8

NO REF Sov: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 3/6

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

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ACCESSION NKA 1114046272

ENCL. U

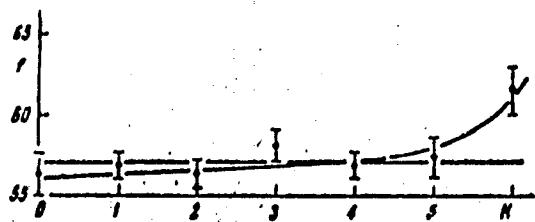


Fig. 2. Relationship between the values of f and K at Novolazarevskaya station.

Card 5/6

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ACCESSION NR: AP4046292

ENCLOSURE: 03

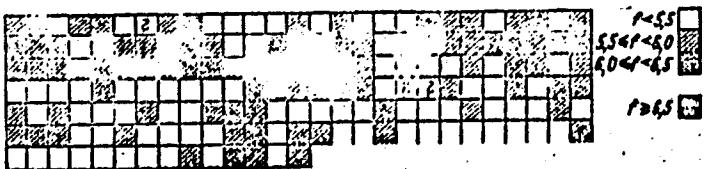


Fig. 3. Bartels diagram of the hourly mean f values.

Card 6/6

DUBINSKIY, A.

Planning and determining the economic efficiency of the revised
norms. Sots. trud 4 no.11:91-96 N '59. (MIRA 13:4)
(Donets Basin--Railroads--Production standards)

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

Geological history of Badkhyz at the beginning of the Alay era.
Izv. AN Turk.SSR.Ser.fiz.-tekhn., khim.i geol.nauk no.1:117-118 '62.
(MIRA 16:12)

1. Upravleniya geologii i okhrany nedor pri Sovete Ministrov
Turkmenskoy SSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

GODINA, A.Ya.; DUBINSKIY, A.A.

First find of a fossil giraffe in Turkmenia. Biul. MOIP. Otd.geol.
38 no.1:155-157 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:5)
(Turkmenistan--Giraffes, Fossil)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A. A.

24351 DUBINSKIY, A. A. O dihanike vydeleniya bilirubina s nachoy pri parenkhimatoznykh
geratitakh. Vracheb. Delo, 1949, No. 8, str. 669-62.
SO: Letopis, No. 32, 1949.

DUBINSKII, A. A.

Reaction of muscular arteries to nitroglycerine in acute and chronic nephritis. Klin. med., Moskva 28:6, June 50. p. 63-5

1. Of the Department of Faculty Therapy (Head--Prof. S. Ya. Shteynberg) of the Therapeutic Faculty of Khar'kov Medical Institute, Khar'kov.

CLNL 19, 5, Nov., 1950

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

"Experience in the Treatment of Chronic Leucoses and Erythremia with Radio phosphorus" p. 237, in the book Experience in the Use of Radioactive Isotopes in Medicine R. Ye. KAVETSKIY and I.T. SHEVCHENKO, publishing House of the UKRAINIAN SSR, KIEV 1955, represents medical transections of a conference held in KIEV from 18-20 January 1954.

So: 1100235

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.A., SHERSHNEV, V.G.

"Some Data on the Distribution of Radiophosphorus in the Blood of Patients who have been Treated with this Preparation" p. 264, in the book Experience in the Use of Radioactive Isotopes in Medicine R. Ye. KAVETSKIY and I.T. SHEVCHENKO, publishing House of the UKRAINIAN SSR, KIEV 1955, represents medical transactions of conference held in KIEV from 18-20 January 1954.

So: 1100235

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

KHADZHAY, Ya.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; DUBINSKIY, A.A., kandidat
meditsinskikh nauk

Khellin and its use for treating disorders of coronary blood circulation.
Vop.pat. serd.sos.sist.4 no.1:3-9 '55. (MLRA 8:3)
(KHELLIN) (BLOOD--CIRCULATION, DISORDERS OF)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIJ, A. A.
EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.18 Vol.1/1 Cardiovascular Jan 57

156. DUBINSKIJ A. A., ZELINSKAJA S. A. and CHADŽAJ Ja. I. Dept. of Pharmacol., Med. Inst. and Lab. of Pharmacol., Chem. Pharmaceut. Res. Inst., Charkow *The use of khellin in coronary diseases (Russian text)* Klin. Med. (Mosk.) 1955, 33/2 (46-50)

Report of experiences with treatment with khellin, which had been obtained from plants in crystalline form. Besides its action on the coronary circulation, it has a sedative effect on the CNS; it is also active in bronchial asthma, but in particular in chronic coronary insufficiency. The drug was given to 36 patients. Thirty-two women had coronary sclerosis, 4 coronary neurosis. Two tablets of 40 mg. each were given 3 times per day. In 21 patients, the result was very good, the anginal attacks became rarer or disappeared. However, no ECG changes were demonstrable. The effect of khellin usually appeared on the 5th to 7th day and persisted for 4 to 5 weeks. Side-effects were occasionally a feeling of heat in the cardiac region, and, more rarely, nausea and vomiting. The pharmacological action is distinctly different from that of nitrites or nitroglycerin. The treatment should generally last 2 to 3 weeks, and may be repeated at intervals.

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

DUBINSKIY, A.A., kand.med.nauk; SHERSHNEV, V.G., kand.med.nauk

Thyroid function test with radioactive iodine in peptic ulcer.
Terap.arkh. 29 no.2:76-78 '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Iz kafedry fakul'tetskoy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta (zav. - prof. S.Ya.Shteynberg) Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(PEPTIC ULCER, physiology,
thyroid radiiodine funct. test (Rus))
(IODINE, radioactive,
thyroid funct. test in peptic ulcer (Rus))
(THYROID GLAND, function tests,
radiiodine, in peptic ulcer (Rus))

DUBINSKIY, A.A.; PASHCHENKO, A.Ye.

Adrenergic substances in the blood in atherosclerosis and hypertension. Vrach.delo no.1:43-46 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta (zav.-prof. S.Ya.Shteynberg) i kafedra biokhimii (zav.-prof. A.M.Utevskiy) Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(BLOOD--ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY) (ARTERIOSCLEROSIS)
(HYPERTENSION)

DUBINSKIY, A.A., kand.med.nauk

Treatment of chronic leukoses and erythremia with radioactive phosphorus
Vest.rent.i rad. 33 no.3:70 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Iz kafedry fakul'tetskoy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta (zav. S.L.
Giteynberg) Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - dots. I.F.
Kononenko).

(LEUKEMIA, ther.
radiophosphorus in chronic leukosis (Rus))
(POLYCYTHEMIA VERA, ther.
radiophosphorus (Rus))
(PHOSPHORUS, radioactive
ther. of polycythemia vera (Rus))

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology, Cardio-vascular Agents.

Abs Journ: Ref Zhur-Biol, No 10, 1958, 85152.

Author: Angarskaya, M. A., Khedzhay, Ya. I., Kolesnikov, D. G., Prokopenko, A. P., Dubinskij, A. A., Shubov, N. I.

Inst: Not given.

Title: Daubarin - a New Soviet Preparation for the Treatment of Coronary Insufficiency.

Orig Pub: Klinichn. meditsina, 1958, Vol 36, No 1, 29-33.

Abstract: In experiments on isolated rabbit and cat hearts, daubarin (D) in a concentration of 1:100 - 1:50,000 increased the coronary blood flow by 70% - 300%. Under conditions in which coronary vasoconstriction was experimentally induced (BaCl_2 , carbocholine, pipocetin), D did not change the amplitude of the cardiac contractions or the level of the blood pressure.

D therapy was administered to 88 patients aged 24 to 74 years suffering from frequent attacks of angina pectoris. A course of treatment lasted 2-3 weeks, with doses of 2 tablets taken 3-4 times a day (60-80 mg). The best effect was obtained in cases in which there was a combination of coronary insufficiency and hypertension, and the least in cases of cardiac neurosis. The prolonged use of the preparation in ambulatory patients prevents the appearance of angina pectoris and enables the patients to work. -- O. K. Shlyataya.

Lab. Pharmacology and Plant Chemistry Shubov, Sc.
Card 2/2
Res Inst Chem-Pharmaceutical,
+ Khar'kov Med. inst.

117

COUNTRY	:	USSR
CATEGORY	:	Pharmacology and Toxicology. Cardiovascular Agents
ABS. JOUR.	:	RzhBiol., No. 5 1959, No. 23204
AUTHOR	:	Kononenko, I. F.; Dubinskly, A.A.; Pocheptsov, [*]
INST.	:	Kharkov Medical Institute
TITLE	:	On the Hypotensive Properties of the Preparation from Bee Venom in Hypertension
ORG. PUB.	:	Tr. Kharkovsk. med. in-ta, 1958, vyp. 37, 134-137
ABSTRACT	:	A single subcutaneous injection of 0.5 ml of bee venom preparation to patients with hypertension brings about a decrease of blood pressure. This dose of the preparation does not produce side effects and is recommended for the treatment of hypertension.

*V. G.

Card: 1/1

DUBINSKIY, A.A., kand.med.nauk; SKACHEKOVA, R.N.

Changes in the blood protein content during the treatment of
patients with coronary sclerosis. Vrach.delo no.12:1259-1260
D '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Kafedry gospital'noy terapii (zav. - prof. R.I. Sharlay)
lechabnogo fakul'teta Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(BLOOD PROTEINS) (CORONARY VESSELS--DISEASES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.A., dotsent

Treatment of coronary insufficiency with new domestic drugs.
Trudy Khar; med. inst. no. 52:34-40 '59. (MIRA 14:11)
(CORONARY HEART DISEASE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A.A., kand.med.nauk

Action of blood sera from patients with angina pectoris in constricting coronary vessels. Vrach. delo no. 1:56-60 '61.
(MIRA 14:4)

1. Kafedra gospital'noy terapii (zav. - prof. R.I. Sharlay [deceased])
lechebnogo fakul'teta Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta,
(ANGINA PECTORIS) (SERUM) (CORONARY VESSELS)

BONDARENKO, A.I.; DUBINSKIY, A.A., kand.med.nauk; SOKOLOVA, V.Ye., kand.
med.nauk; KHADZHAY, Ya.I., kand.med.nauk

Pharmacotherapeutic investigation of the preparation, "kordin."
(MIRA 14:6)
Vrach. delo no.4:32-36 Ap '61.

1. Laboratory farmakologii Khar'kovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta i klinika gospital'noy terapii
lechebnogo fakul'teta (zav. - R.I.Sharlay [deceased]) Khar'kovskogo
meditsinskogo instituta.

(VASOMOTOR DRUGS) (CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES)

DUBINSKIY, A.A.

Detection and isolation of a serum glycoprotein obstructing coronary outflow. Vop. med. khim. 7 no.2:197-200 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. The Chair of Hospital Therapeutics of the Therapeutic Faculty,
Kharkov Medical Institute.
(GLYCOPROTEINS) (CORONARY VESSELS)

DUBINSKIX, A.A.; KOSTYUK, I.F.; LANTODUB, I.Yu.

Dialyzable fraction of the blood serum reacting with diphenylamine
and its clinical importance. Vop. med. khim. 11 no.4:91-94
(MIRA 18:8)
Jl-Ag '65.

1. Kafedra gospital'noy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta Khar'-
kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

YESIFENKO, V.A., Trzn., DUBINSKIY, A.Kh., insh.

Conveyor winding of coils. Energ. i elektrottekhn. prom. no.2:45
April 1965. (MIRA 18:8)

YESIPENKO, V.D., insh.; DUBINSKIV, A.Kh., insh.

Making hard-alloy dies. Mashinostroenie no.6:68-70 N-D '65.
(MIRA 18-12)

Effect of certain drugs on the gaseous exchange of striated muscle. A. M. Dumanian and A. I. Kuzminov (Arkh. ob. Biol. U.S.S.R., 1935, 28, 763-768).—Osmotic, in a dose which did not paralyze respiration, lowered the gaseous exchange. Eserine relieved this, and also increased the normal level of exchange. CHCl_3 , ether, and chloralose decreased absorption of O_2 and formation of CO_2 in deep narcosis.
Cet. Ann. (p)

A.B.-S.L.A. METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

SEARCHED	INDEXED	CLASSIFIED	FILED
SEARCHED	INDEXED	CLASSIFIED	FILED

DUBINSKY, A. M.

DUBINSKY, A. M., MAKHLINA, A. M., and LIKHOTKIN, I. P. (USSR)

"Certain Aspects of the Primary Reactions of the Body to
Penetrating Radiations."

Report presented at the 5th International Biochemistry Congress,
Moscow, 10-16 Aug 1961

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A. M.; LYKHOVSKIY, I. P.

Spectrophotometric study of protein extracts of the liver of
irradiated animals. Vest LGU 16 no.21:73-88 '61.

(MIRA 14:11)

(X RAYS—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

(PROTEINS)

(SPECTROPHOTOMETRY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.M.

Some problems of the theory of the radiobiological process. Vest.
LGU 18 no.9:81-99 '63. (MIRA 16:6)
(Radiobiology)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A.M.

DUBINSKIY, A. M.

Dubinskiy, A. M. "The calculation of the stage of destruction of cross-reinforced ferroconcrete plates", Sbornik trudov (Ukr. nauch.-issled. in-t sooruzheniy), Kiev, 1948, p. 91-114, - Bibliog: 6 items.

SO: U-3261, 10 April 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 11, 1949).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A. M.

Ukrainskiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Institut Sooruzheniy
Effektivnyye Konstruktsii sten iz novykh materialov. Page 36

SO: Sbornik Annotatsiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skikh Rabot Po Stroitel'stву,
Moscow, 1951.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A. M., Inzh.

Ukrainskiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skii Institut sooruzheniy
novyye tipy oblegchennykh konstruktsii sten dlya mnogoetazhnykh zdaniy.
Page 36.

GO: Sbornik Annotatsiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skikh Rabot Po Stroitel'stvu,
Moscow, 1951.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A. M., Inzh.

Ukrainskiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Institut Sooruzheniy
Issledovaniye prochnosti kladki shlakotsetonnykh komney. Page 36

SO: Sbornik Annotatsiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skikh Rabot po Stroitel'stvu,
Moscow, 1951.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A. M.

SHELKOVSKIY, V. M. Inzh., i KALISHUK, A. L. Kand. Tekhn. Nauk., GORSKIY, B. Z.
Inzh, DUBINSKIY, A. M. Kand. Tekhn. Nauk.
Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sooruzheniy.

SHLAKOBETONNNYE BLOKI.

Page 95

SO: Collection of Annotations of Scientific Research Work on Construction,
completed in 1950, Moscow, 1951

DUBINSKIY, A. M.

DUBINSKIY, A. M. Kank. Tekhn. Nauk i DUBINSKIY, A. M., Kand. Tekhn. Nauk

Ukrainskiy Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sooruzhniy

Primeneniye mineral'noy shersti i izdelyi iz neye v konstruktsiyakh zhilykh
grazhdanskikh zdaniy

Page 69

SO: Collections of Annotations of Scientific Research Work on Construction, completed
in 1950.

Moscow, 1951

DUBIESKIY, Abram Markovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; LIBERMAN, Al'fred Davidovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; ANDREUSHCHENKO, V., redaktor; IOAKIMIS, A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Production of precast reinforced concrete in construction yards]
Izgotovlenie sbornogo shlezkobetona na poligonakh. Kiev, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhitektury USSR, 1956. 109 p.(MLR 10:2)
(Precast concrete)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A., kand.tekhn.nauk; NIKOLYUK, N., inzh. (Kiyev)

Machine for continuous molding of reinforced concrete products.
Gor.i sel'.stroi. no.10:27 O '57. (MIRA 10:12)
(Molding machines) (Precast concrete)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5691

Dubinskiy, Abram Markovich, Candidate of Technical Sciences.

Raschet nesushchey sposobnosti zhelezobetonykh plit (Calculation of the Load-Carrying Capacity of Reinforced-Concrete Plates) Kiiev, Gosstroyizdat UkrSSR, 1961. 180 p. 6,000 copies printed.

Ed.: K. P. Komendant; Tech. Ed.: V. P. Boyko.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for construction, design and planning engineers, and aspirants and students in construction schools of higher education.

COVERAGE: The book presents the methods for calculating uniformly and nonuniformly reinforced concrete plates subjected to concentrated forces and uniform loads, and rectangular plates subjected to trapezoidal loads. The kinematic method is used in the discussion of the calculation theory. Tables, graphs, and approximate formulas for use in the designing of structures are included. Examples of calculations of plates follow each discussion.

Card 1/5

Calculation of the Load-Carrying (Cont.)

SOV/5691

Particular attention is given to various fracture patterns, and criteria for determining fracture types are given. According to the Introduction, the author included his own investigations in this book. No personalities are mentioned. There are 61 references: 31 Soviet, 8 German, 7 Polish, 7 English, 4 Danish, 2 Swedish, 1 Norwegian, and 1 Czech.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Introduction	3
Ch. I. Principles of Calculating Reinforced-Concrete Plates by the Limit-Equation Method	7
1. Principal propositions of the calculation	7
2. Kinematic laws of fracture-pattern formation	14
3. Calculation equations	18
4. Fracture patterns in plate corners	20
Ch. II. Calculating Uniformly Reinforced Plates Under Concentrated Force	24
Card 2/5	

MONAKHOV, N.I., inzh.; DUBINSKIY, A.M., red.; SHEN, S.Yu., red.

[Price list no.1 of the average district estimated prices
of materials, wares, and elements] TSennik No.1 srednikh
raionnykh smetnykh tsen na materialy, izdeliia i kon-
struktsii. Moskva, Stroizdat, Pt.3. 1965. 191 p.
(MIRA 18:5)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy komitet po
delam stroitel'stva.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A.M.

Efim Semenovich London's role in the development of radiobiology.
Radiobiologija 4 no.5:796-797 '64.

(MIRA 18:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

DUBINSKIY, A.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHIMANOVSKIY, V.N., inzh.;
SMIRNOV, Yu.V., inzh.; ZAKRZHEVSKIY, A.Ye., inzh.

Precast reinforced shells in the U.S.S.R. Stroikonstr.
no.1:5-20 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut stroitel'nykh
konstruktsiy Gosstroya SSSR, Kiyev (for Shimanovskiy,
Smirnov, Zakrzhevskiy).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A. Ya.

"Geological Report on the Northern Khanzhenkovo Section," Iz. Glav. upr.
geol. fon., No.2, 1947

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4

DUBINSKIY, A. Ya.

"The Character of the Vertical Extension of Carbon Phases," Sov. geol.,
Collection 28, 1947

Geologist, Rostov Coal Prospecting Trust

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411320015-4"

15-57-12-17162

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 12,
p 63 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dubinskiy, A. Ya.

TITLE: Geothermics in the Cis-Caucasian District and in the
Adjacent Regions of Western Donbass (Geotermicheskiy
rezhim Predkavkaz'ya i sosednikh rayonov Vostochnogo
Donbassa)

PERIODICAL: Sov. geologiya, 1955, sb. 46, pp 82-99

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry
Card 1/1

DUBINSKIY, A. Ya.

Name: DUBINSKIY, A. Ya.
Dissertation: The eastern Donets Basin; geological structure, coal de-
posits and prospects for the buried portion

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AUTHOR: Dubinskiy, A. Ya.

TITLE: The Origin of the Donets Basin (K voprosu o proiskhozh-
denii Donetskogo basseyna)

PERIODICAL: Materialy Vses. n-i, geol. inta, 1956, Nr 14, pp 25-41

ABSTRACT: Latest studies bear out the theory according to which
the Donets Basin represents a foremost flexure (outer
foremost depression), developed in the Upper Paleozoic
in front of the Crimean-Caucasian folded zone, while the
Ukrainian Massif represents a post-folding Mesozoic up-
lift (anticline). Donbass proper forms the northern
branch (synclinal) of the foremost Donets flexure,
the southern arm of which is buried deep in the Azov
Sea Depression. The author introduces data from the
new drill-holes, which revealed the pre-Mesozoic folded
foundation of the eastern part of the Bol'shoy (Great)
Donbass. A system of folds, made up of the Lower and,

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15-1957-12-17058

The Origin of the Donets Basin

possibly, of the Middle and Upper Carboniferous formation, lies within the northwestern Predkavkaz'ye (cis-Caucasus). To the south the system is underlain by earlier rocks of the Middle Paleozoic: in the region of Nevinomysskaya a drill-hole revealed at a depth of 1479-2000 meters a series of agrillaceous chloritic slates interstratified with horizons of metamorphic tufaceous rocks dipping at 25° to 64°; in the region of Mineral'nyye Vody a drill-hole at Nagutskaya reached at the depth of 2002 meters a formation of meat-red quartz porphyries. The Predkavkaz'ye (cis-Caucasus) Carboniferous formations are separated from the main eastern Donbass coal field by a large area of pre-Paleozoic crystalline formations in the region of Rostov (gray biotite gneissic granites of the depth of 527 m), near the station of Kayala (green biotite gneissic granites of the depth of 620 m), and farther to the east. Rocks of the Middle and Upper Devonian apparently lie over the pre-Paleozoic deposits to the south of Yeysk (a drill-hole at Yasehskaya revealed, between the depth of 2,240 to 2,500 m, conglomerates and breccias of sandstone fragments, metamorphic slates and vein quartz).

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The Origin of the Donets Basin

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The southern wing of the Donets fold system, which is separated from the northern wing (Donbass proper) by a large post-Lower Permian uplift [Glavnnyy (Main) Donets anticlinorium] and from the Carboniferous of the northern Caucasus by the southern Stravropol' uplift, is buried within a large part of the northern Predkavkaz'ye (cis-Caucasus). Data from the Dzhanayskiy drill-hole (clay and sandy shales, and fine-grained sandstones were found at the depth of 2,475 m; dip angles were from 50 to 80°) prove that the Donets fold system reaches the northern Pricaspian (Caspian district). The Donets fold system is developed on an enormous foremost flexure which rests on a complex base. From the south, the foremost Donets flexure is held by the Middle Paleozoic fold complex of the southern Stravropol' central dome; portions of the southern periphery of the Russian

Platform were drawn into the flexure in the north. The Donets depression developed during the entire Carboniferous and at the beginning of the Permian time. The main folding and lifting movements of the Donets flexure appear between the Sakmarskiy and the Dogger age.

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R. G. Goretskiy

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DUBINSKIY, A.YA.

New data on the tectonics of the eastern sector of the greater
Donets Basin. Mat.VSEMGHI no.14:42-51 '56. (MERA 10:1)
(Donets Basin—Geology, Structural)

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DUBINSKIY, Abram Jakovlevich -- awarded sci degree of Doc Geologo-Mineralogical Sci for the 22 Feb 57 defense of dissertation: "The Eastern Donbas (geological structure, coal content and perspectives for the buried [pogrebennyy] part)" at the Council, AU Sci-Res Geol Inst; Prot No 12, 17 May 58.

(BMVO, 10-58,23)

Dybinskiy, A.Ya.

very poor

24(8)	TITLE: I. Book Exploration	EDITION: 1976
	Yazykovye sovetskoye po gorterernalim issledovaniyam. 1st, 1976.	
	Probly general i prakticheskoye ispol'zovaniye tekhnicheskikh metodov v gorterernalykh issledovaniyakh i na prakticheskoye ispol'zovaniye tekhnicheskikh metodov v gorterernalykh issledovaniyakh. Translated from the English. All rights reserved on original American edition, 1975. Vol. 1) Moscow, Izd-vo M. SSSR, 1976. 254 p. Prints 800 copies printed.	
	Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauch. SSSR. Otdeleniye geologo-geofizicheskikh nauch.	
	Ed. of Publishing House: L. V. Gerasimov, Sov. Min. T. M. Chernenko, Nauk. i Tekhn. Izdat. V. L. Tichonova (Chairman), V. D. Dergunov (Deputy Chairman), V. V. Ivanov, F. A. Makarevich, and N. L. Khokhlov.	
	PURPOSE: This book is intended for geologists hydrogeologists, and geophysicists in general and petroleum and coal geologists in particular.	
	CONTENTS: This volume, one of two published on the subject, is a collection of 22 articles based on reports presented at the Second All-Union Conference on Gerternal Problems held in March, 1975. The conference was organized and organized by the Laboratory of Paleogeology, the Laboratory of Deep Geological Problems (i.e., P. I. Kharlamov), the Institute of Geophysics and Applied Geophysics (i.e., G. V. Ruzhentsev), the Institute of Geochimistry and Geochemistry (i.e., V. V. Kostylev), and was attended by over 200 representatives of more than 50 research organizations. The material presented in this volume may be divided into three general categories: (1) General gerternal problems of the Earth; (2) current status and methods of gerternal problems; (3) regional gerternal problems. In foreword, comprehensive bibliographical material is given.	
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DUBINSKIY, A.Ya.

Devonian folds in Ciscaucasia. Geol. nefti i gaza 4 no.5:30-34
My '60. (MIRA 13:9)

l.v. Vsesoyuznyy geologicheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut.
(Caucasus, Northern--Folds (Geology))

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DUBINSKIY, A.Ya. [Dubins'kyi, A.IA.]

Equivalent of Ukrainian Eocene lignite formation on the left bank
of the Don. Geol. zhur. 20 no. 3:83-85 '60. (MIRA 14:4)
(Don Valley—Coal geology)

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Dokl.AN SSSR 133 no.6:1409-1411 Ag '60.
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Predstavleno akad. A.L.Yanshinyu.
(Russia, Southern--Rocks, Carbonate)

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(Caspian Sea region--Folds (Geology))
(Caucasus, Northern--Folds (Geology))

DUBINSKII, A.Ya.; VARDANYANTS, L.A.

The folded basement of the Yasenskaya-Leningrad anticlinal zone
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Upper Permian and lower Triassic sediments in eastern Ciscaucasia
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39-45 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

(Caucasus, Northern—Rocks, Sedimentary)
(Caspian Sea region—Rocks, Sedimentary)

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DUBINSKIY, A.Ya.

Note on lower and middle Jurassic sediments of western Ciscaucasia.
Inform.sbor. VSEGEI no.43:55-61 '61. (MIRA 14:12)
(Caucasus, Northern--Rocks, Sedimentary)

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